### **Using Verbs to Express Time: An Explanation**

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#### Simple Present Tense (one-word verb)

- 1. Make a statement of fact
  - a. Bananas grow on trees.
- 2. Express customs and habitual actions
  - a. James watches TV every night.
- 3. Express opinions
  - a. Jane **is** a good cook.

#### **Present Continuous Tense** (two-word phrase: am, are, is + -ing verb)

- 1. Express an action that is happening at the moment of speaking or writing
  - a. I am sitting in the library.
  - b. He is reading the newspaper.
- 2. Express an activity or situation that is happening over a given period including at the moment of speaking or writing
  - a. She is studying French this semester.

### <u>Present Perfect Tense</u> (two-word verb phrase: have or has + past participle verb form)

- Express an action that started in the past and is still continuing in the present
  - a. She <u>has lived</u> in Long Beach for three years.
- 2. Indicate an action that happened at an unspecified time in the past.
  - a. I <u>have seen</u> that movie.
  - b. Tina has baked an apple pie.

## <u>Present Perfect Continuous</u> (three-word verb phrase: have or has + been + -ing verb form)

- 1. Express the duration or time of an action that began in the past, has continued into the present, and may continue into the future.
  - a. David has been working for two hours.
  - b. Jessie and Julie have been traveling for a month.

#### <u>Simple Past Tense</u> (one word verb)

- 1. Express an action or an event in the past that is completed
  - a. I went to school yesterday.
  - b. Gina cried at the end of the movie.

#### <u>Past Continuous Tense</u> (two-word verb phrase: was or were + -ing verb)

- 1. Express an action that was happening at a specific moment in the past.
  - a. He was doing his homework at 8:00 P.M. last night.
  - b. The children were eating pancakes yesterday morning.
- 2. Express two actions that were happening at the same time in the past.
  - a. The students were talking while the teacher was writing on the board.

#### Past Perfect Tense (two-word verb phrase: had + past participle verb form)

- Express an action or event in the past that happened before another action in the past.
  - a. Dr. Smith <u>had taught</u> at three other schools before he taught here.
  - b. The band <u>had played</u> two shows in Los Angeles before coming to Long Beach.

#### Past Perfect Continuous (three-word verb phrase: had + been + -ing verb form)

- 1. Express an activity in progress before another activity or time in the past.
  - a. We had been driving for two hours when the tire blew out.
  - b. He had a headache because <u>he had been reading</u> without his glasses.

#### Other ways to express past time

- 1. Used to and a verb
  - a. When Mary was a teacher, she <u>used to assign</u> lots of homework.
  - b. The children <u>used to watch</u> Sesame Street every morning.
- 2. Would and a verb
  - a. As a boy, I would climb trees to look for birds' nests.
  - b. When Maria lived in Mexico, she would eat papayas everyday.

#### **Simple Future Tense** (two-word verb phrase: will or shall + base verb form)

- 1. Express an action or event that will happen, or express a promise of action.
  - a. She will play tennis tomorrow.
  - b. I shall meet you after class.

#### <u>Future Continuous</u> (three-word verb phrase: will + be + -ing verb form)

- 1. Express an activity or situation that will happen in the future over a given period, or while another activity will be occurring at the same time.
  - a. She will be working at the store while she goes to school.
  - b. Isabelle will be practicing her routine in preparation of the meet.

#### **Future Perfect** (three-word verb phrase: will + have + past participle verb form)

- 1. Express an action that will be completed before another activity or time.
  - a. Lisa will have worked ten hours by the end of the week.

# <u>Future Perfect Continuous</u> (four-word verb phrase: will + have + been + -ing verb form)

- 1. Express the duration of an activity that will be in progress before another time or event in the future.
  - a. Next month, we will have been attending LBCC for exactly two years.

#### Other ways to express future time:

- 1. Going to + simple verb
  - a. I <u>am going to visit</u> my grandmother next week.
- 2. Simple present
  - a. The plane <u>leaves</u> at two o'clock this afternoon.
- 3. Present continuous
  - a. My brother is returning from Europe next week.